

FOREST HILL CI

SCH3U GRADE 11 UNIVERSITY CHEMISTRY COURSE OUTLINE

PREREQUISITE: GRADE 10 SCIENCE

Resources

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Textbook: The grade 11 Chemistry textbook is "Chemistry 11" by Nelson. The replacement cost of the textbook is **\$90.**

Tools for Success/Learning Skills

	•	Understand and follow this course outline
		and the policies outlined in the Student
Posnonsihility		Agenda.

Responsibility

- Arrive on time
- Come prepared to work with all necessary tools

Organization

- Keep an organized notebook
 - Keep an organized calendar of important dates

Stay on task

Independent Work

- Avoid disrupting the learning of others.Do homework regularly and complete all
 - assigned work
- Review/study the work often

Collaboration

- Be a responsible group member.
- Help your peers succeed by sharing ideas, tutoring and studying together
- Prepare for labs as a team with a focus on each other's safety
- Be active participants in the classroom

Initiative

- Ask questions when unsure of the material
 & seek extra help when needed.
- Ensure that you get any missed handouts and catch up on missed work

Self-Regulation

- Set goals and make good choices regarding academic success.
- Respect yourself, classmates and teachers.

Academic Honesty: Cheating and Plagiarism

Students are expected to submit only their own original work on evaluations done in class or out of class. Plagiarism is the passing off the ideas or writings of another as one's own. Cases of academic dishonesty (cheating and/or plagiarism) will be dealt with on a case-by-case basis, but each case will involve investigation, communication with the student and his/her parent/guardian, and a mark of zero for plagiarized work. Whether the student has an opportunity to demonstrate his/her learning in another assignment will be at the discretion of the teacher and/or Principal.

Assessment and Evaluation

The primary purpose of assessment and evaluation is to improve student learning. Assessment can take on one of three forms (described below). See page 31 of *Growing Success* for a detailed description of assessment.

Diagnostic	Assessment FOR learning determines how learning should proceed at the beginning of a unit.
	Accessment AC learning provides feedback for a student
Formative	Assessment AS learning provides feedback for a student to determine where improvement is needed. An example of this is homework.
Summative	Assessment OF learning evaluates what a student has learned at the conclusion of a unit/course. An example of this is a test or exam.

Evaluation of student achievement will be defined by four broad **Achievement Categories** (described below). The category weighting for semester work is shown.

	Semester Work	90%
Knowledge & Understanding	Specific content acquired in the course and the comprehension of its meaning and significance.	25%
Thinking & Investigation	The use of critical and creative thinking skills and inquiry, research, and problem-solving skills.	25%
Communication	The conveying of meaning through various forms.	25%
Application	The use of knowledge and skills to make connections within and between various contexts.	25%

Culminating *

10%

Academic Integrity: Missed Classes, Evaluations and Assignments It is the <u>responsibility of the student</u> to notify all appropriate parties (teachers, office, etc) <u>in advance</u> where appropriate and in compliance with school policies and procedures if the student will be absent. This allows for both the student and teacher to make alternative arrangements. In the event that advance notice is not possible, students/ parents should email the school and email their teacher to ensure that student and teacher have an opportunity to connect about alternative arrangements.

Electronic Learning Expectations: Students are expected to access our <u>Google Classroom</u> on a daily basis. This tool will be used to supplement our in-class instruction and to provide some work to be done. As per the TDSB e-mail communications:

"Students learning virtually in Semester 2 are expected to have their cameras on during class time. By having cameras on, we will build human connection with one another which supports learning and a

strong sense of community. Students can speak with a guidance counsellor, Vice-Principal or Principal if there are concerns."

**Should brick and mortar schools be shut down due to the COVID-19 pandemic, all course materials will be posted on Google
Classroom. Students must also check their TDSB email multiple times daily for important course, school, and board updates as the pandemic progresses

Overall Course Expectations

Specific expectations can be found at the Ministry of Education's Website: http://www.edu.gov.on.ca/eng/curriculum/secondary/science.html

A. SCIENTIFIC INVESTIGATION SKILLS AND CAREER EXPLORATION

Throughout this course, students will:

- demonstrate scientific investigation skills (related to both inquiry and research) in the four areas of skills (initiating and planning, performing and recording, analyzing and interpreting, and communicating);
- identify and describe a variety of careers related to the fields of science under study, and identify scientists, including Canadians, who have made contributions to those fields.

B. MATTER, CHEMICAL TRENDS, AND CHEMICAL BONDING

- Every element has predictable chemical and physical properties determined by its structure.
- The type of chemical bond in a compound determines the physical and chemical properties of that compound.

By the end of this course, students will:

- analyze the properties of commonly used chemical substances and their effects on human health and the environment, and propose ways to lessen their impact;
- investigate physical and chemical properties of elements and compounds, and use various methods to visually represent them;
- demonstrate an understanding of periodic trends in the periodic table and how elements combine to form chemical bonds.

C. CHEMICAL REACTIONS

- Chemicals react in predictable ways.
- Chemical reactions and their applications have significant implications for society and the environment.

By the end of this course, students will:

- analyze chemical reactions used in a variety of applications, and assess their impact on society and the environment;
- investigate different types of chemical reactions;
- demonstrate an understanding of the different types of chemical reactions.

D. QUANTITIES IN CHEMICAL REACTIONS

- Relationships in chemical reactions can be described quantitatively.
- The efficiency of chemical reactions can be determined and optimized by applying an understanding of quantitative relationships in such reactions.

By the end of this course, students will:

 analyze processes in the home, the workplace, and the environmental sector that use chemical quantities and

- calculations, and assess the importance of quantitative accuracy in industrial chemical processes;
- investigate quantitative relationships in chemical reactions, and solve related problems;
- demonstrate an understanding of the mole concept and its significance to the quantitative analysis of chemical reactions.

E. SOLUTIONS AND SOLUBILITY

- Properties of solutions can be described qualitatively and quantitatively, and can be predicted.
- Living things depend for their survival on the unique physical and chemical properties of water
- People have a responsibility to protect the integrity of Earth's water resources.

By the end of this course, students will:

- analyze the origins and effects of water pollution, and a variety of economic, social, and environmental issues related to drinking water;
- Investigate qualitative and quantitative properties of solutions, and solve related problems;
- demonstrate an understanding of qualitative and quantitative properties of solutions.

F. GASES AND ATMOSPHERIC CHEMISTRY

- Properties of gases can be described qualitatively and quantitatively, and can be predicted.
- Air quality can be affected by human activities and technology.
- People have responsibility to protect the integrity of Earth's atmosphere.

By the end of this course, students will:

- analyze the cumulative effects of human activities and technologies on air quality, and describe some Canadian initiatives to reduce air pollution;
- investigate gas laws that explain the behaviour of gases, and solve related problems;
- demonstrate an understanding of the laws that explain the behaviour of gases.