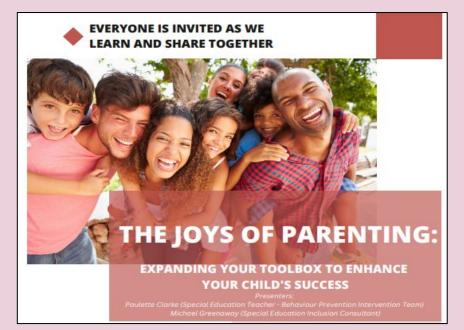
Joys of Parenting

Session 1: Expanding Your Toolbox to Enhance Your Child's Success



Remember the **JOYS** of parenting

- Building strong relationships
- Spending time together (making memories)
- Loving them
- Seeing your child building social confidence
- Learning from your child(ren) and learning together
- Smiling & laughter
- Seeing your children achieve what they thought they couldn't
- Constantly being surprised
- Watching your children discover or learn something new
- Learning together



Preventative strategies- Open Communication



-Open communication is vital, it's about building strong bonds with your child.

-Begin communication from a young age. If your children are older then start building communication now.

- Communication can take place anywhere, anytime

-As they share during these moments, it is not the time to get upset if they share information that may be considered inappropriate. Without showing any frustration, it can be a moment to teach and show love.

Open Communication

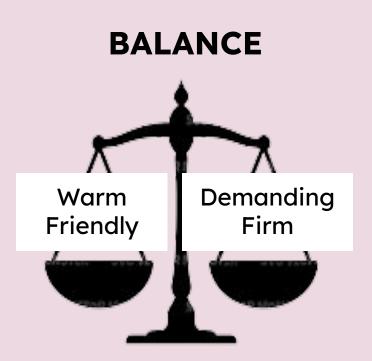
- Say "I love you"- we may feel that our actions show love, but saying these words are powerful
- Listen and validate- acknowledge their feelings, when they feel heard it helps them to get their feelings out
- Parent-child moments together, rituals
- Give hugs



Open communication will provide your child with good communication and social skills. They will acquire the skills to manage their emotions and problem solve.

Core Principles to Prevent Behaviour from Escalating

- 1. **Teach rules and boundaries-** Ask yourself are all my rules necessary, do they understand my rules
- Prepare for transitions prepare your child 45 mins - 1hr before doing a task or activity (ex. bedtime)
- 3. Be consistent- Stick to it!!
- 4. Develop routines



Scale is from: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=r5bNMfY8ISg

Core Principles to Prevent Behaviour from Escalating

- 1. Try 1-2-3 Magic- Count to 3 then give a time out. Time out does not always mean sitting in a quiet space. Time out includes taking time away from the activity, having a toy or electronic removed. etc.
- 2. Focus on the behaviour not character- Avoid asking "What's wrong with you"

Ask...What is the problem? What's making you so angry? Why are you behaving this way? Why did you do that?

- 3. Use non-verbal cues- eye contact, shaking head, etc
- 4. Self Care- if you are stressed your children will feel it as well....take time to rest and reset.

What is Calmness and why does it matter?



Calmness refers to being in control of the words we are saying, our actions and the environment

Home is a great source of calmness, continue to provide calmness as they may not experience it in other environments

Calming Strategies for your children:

Deep Breathing Disconnecting from Social Media Listening to music Model tone of voice Teach "I statements…"

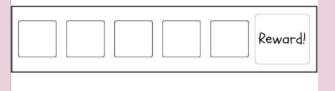
Redirection

What is redirection?

- Redirect (interrupt the behaviour) Shifting their focus onto some else.
- Reframe (reframe how they should ask for what they want)
- Reteach (tell them what to do, as opposed to telling them what not to do) Ex. Say.. "Please sit down on the couch." Instead of.. "Stop jumping on the couch" You can explain why it is not safe.

My Daily Routine	
🧼 Mornin	g 🄃 Evening
Get dressed	Go to the toilet
Eat breakfast	Have a bath
Have a wash	Put on pyjamas
Brush teeth	Brush teeth
Brush hair	Bedtime story
Put on shoes and coat	Go to sleep

My Star Chart





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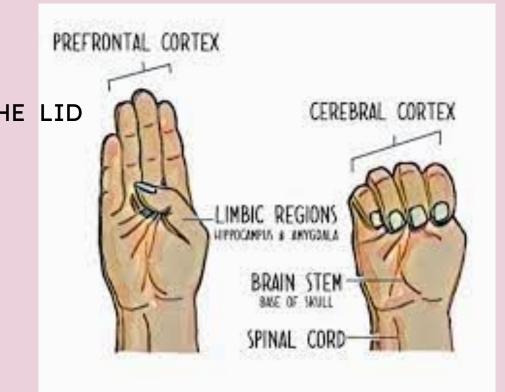


De-escalation and Co-regulation

Children learn how to regulate their emotions through "co-regulation." The better we can soothe them when they are agitated, or support them when they are low, the better they "absorb" how to do this for themselves.

> DR. STUART SHANKER www.self-reg.ca

Dan Siegel Model of the Brain: Escalation!



When children "FLIP THEIR LID" they have lost control of their emotions. They usually can not process what you are saying or reason with you.

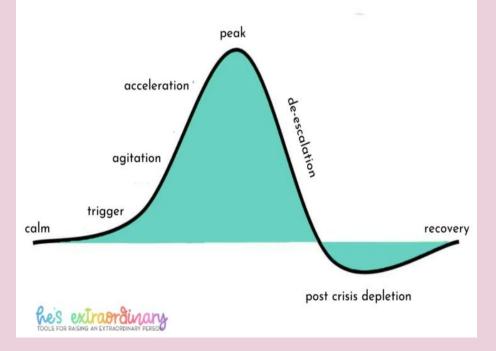
NAME IT TO TAME IT- naming the emotion and begin the calming process with them

De-escalation Ideas

- Don't try to reason with them
- Get on their level
- Avoid yelling over a screaming child- use non verbal cues
- Be calm even if you're notmodel tone of voice
- Validate their feelings, but not their actions
- Reassurance

THE ESCALATION CYCLE

pattern occurring before, during, and after a meltdown



De-escalation and Co-regulation Summary

- Modelling (we are examples)
- Co regulating (regulate together)
- De-escalation (calming our heightened emotions)
- De-escalation + Co regulation = Self regulation

To Sum It All Up..

- When you think of the frustrations of parenting, remember the joys
- Manage and build on your toolbox of strategies
- Use the core principles we discussed to build bonds and build boundaries
- Nurture and strategically use calmness in your home
- Consider how to use rewards and incentives to build independence, success, and positive feelings
- Explore different ways to solve conflicts
- Focus on de-escalation and co-regulation

Some phrases to remember...

- Tell children what they can do, not what they can't do
- Name it to Tame it
- Teach "I Statements"
- Get Curious, Not Furious
- 1 2- 3 Magic
- De-escalate

If your child is experiencing intense behaviour challenges you can seek help at the following:

Lumenus <u>https://www.lumenus.ca/</u>

Strides Toronto https://stridestoronto.ca/

Tropicana

https://tropicanacommunity.org/our-services/wellness-mental-health/

Or

Please speak to your school administrator to access your school Social Worker and other TDSB support

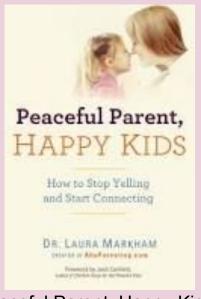
Thank you!

See you at Session 2: Home School Partnership

Some Resources Used:

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=xDmAsO-uDfg

Model of the Brain: <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=gm9CIJ74Oxw</u>



Peaceful Parent, Happy Kids By:Laura Markham

Recommended Books:

s: NO-DRAMA DISCIPLINE

THE MINULE-BEAIN WAY TO CALM THE CHAOS AND NUBTURE YOUR CHILD'S DEVELOPING MIND

NEW YORK TIMES BESTSELLER



By: Dan Siegel

THE HINDLE-BRAIN CHILD

DANIEL J. SIEGEL, M.D.

TINA PAYNE BRYSON, PH.D.